

60 million people in Europe (about 1 in 10 Europeans) live with CVD. This number has been exacerbated by COVID -19 pandemics.

Tools such as CVD registries have the potential to address technical, infrastructural, and behavioural challenges in the management of this disease.

These registries can identify innovative therapies and treatment models. They can also highlight missing services and support self-management of CVD through community-based approaches and digital technologies.

1. The European Health Data Initiative provides an opportunity to harmonise cardiovascular disease data and improve the quality of care for cardiovascular patients. Is part of the EHDS initiative exploring or creating pilot registries for cardiovascular disease across the EU?
2. In 2018, the Commission Communication entitled "Transformation of Health and Care in the Digital Single Market" identified priority areas for action. One of these was the need for interoperability, digital infrastructures and training. How will the Commission support Member States in implementing digitally integrated and patient-centred models of CVD care that leverage health data and health technology assessments?